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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NING 01/01/06	AND ENDING 12/31/06
	MM/DD/YY	MM/DD/YY
A	. REGISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: GO	lden Gate Financial Grou	ip, LLC OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE C 50 Francisco St. Suite 20	·	Box No.) FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No. and Street)	
San Francisco	CA	94133
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Gregory M. Bonn, CPA	OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN	regard to this report 925-279-0785
		(Area Code – Telephone Number
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	ANT whose opinion is contained i	n this Report*
Armstrong, Bonn & Feeney,	LLP	
	(Name – if individual, state last, j	first, middle name)
426 N. Wiget Lane Suite A	Walnut Creek, CA	A 94598
(Address)	(City)	(State) (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		
Certified Public Accoun	tant	
☐ Public Accountant		
☐ Accountant not resident	in United States or any of its posse	PROCESSED
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY MAR 2 9 2007
		THOMSON FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Howard T. Halen		, swear	r (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financia Golden Gate Financial Group, LLC	I statement an		
of December 31	20 06	, are true and correct.	I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, princlassified solely as that of a customer, except as follo	ncipal officer	or director has any prop	rietary interest in any account
•		M) (1) Signatur	Te .
1	4	President Title	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Notary Public This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): XX (a) Facing Page. XX (b) Statement of Financial Condition. XX (c) Statement of Income (Loss).			# 1666608 c - Catifornia co County
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordina (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Recomposition Relations to the Reserve Recomposition Reserve	y or Partners' ated to Claims equirements F	s of Creditors.	
 (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Con □ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explan Computation for Determination of the Reserv □ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and una consolidation. □ (l) An Oath or Affirmation. 	nation of the C e Requiremen	Computation of Net Capit its Under Exhibit A of R	al Under Rule 15c3-1 and the ule 15c3-3.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) Independent Auditor's Report or **For conditions of confidential treatment of certain p			•
	romions of thi	s juing, see section 240.	1 / u-ɔ(ɐ)(ɔ).

ARMSTRONG, BONN & FEENEY, LLP



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Managers
Golden Gate Financial Group, LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Golden Gate Financial Group, LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Golden Gate Financial Group, LLC as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Walnut Creek, California

February 23, 2007

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Statements of Financial Condition December 31, 2006 and 2005

Assets

	2006	2005
Cash	\$ 199,070	\$ 15,342
Commissions receivable	-	58,958
Accounts receivable	157,848	173,977
Investment in mutual funds, at market value	-	959,405
Prepaid expenses	41,908	48,030
Investment in affiliates	107,500	4,500
Property and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated		
depreciation of \$124,907 in 2005 and \$114,766 in 2005	30,899	18,469
Other Assets	129,718	155,054
Total assets	\$ 666,943	\$ 1,433,735

Liabilities and Members' Equity

	2006	2005		
Liabilities State income taxes payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 6,000 33,838	\$ 6,000 46,333		
Total liabilities	39,838	52,333		
Members' Equity	627,105	1,381,402		
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 666,943	\$ 1,433,735		

Statements of Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Revenues		
Investment advisory fees	\$ 548,884	\$ 831,263
Commissions	212,146	386,418
Dividends	30,440	20,624
Loss on sales of mutual funds	(61)	(119)
Total revenues	791,409	1,238,186
Expenses		
Employee compensation and benefits	1,265,231	967,482
Professional fees	157,939	225,227
Licenses and fees	28,704	52,375
Office expense	52,292	41,111
Communications and data processing	39,639	26,754
Insurance	64,576	74,820
Rent expense	55,181	48,259
Depreciation and amortization	35,477	40,653
Solicitation and other fees	-	3,121
Meals and travel	15,292	25,303
Total expenses before reimbursement		
of shared resources	1,714,331	1,505,105
Reimbursement of shared resources	(1,021,925)	(402,806)
Total Expenses	692,406	1,102,299
Net income before state income taxes	99,003	135,887
Provision for state income taxes	6,800	7,800
Net income (loss)	\$ 92,203	\$ 128,087

Statements of Changes in Members' Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	Capital Contributed	Capital Distributed	Accumulated Deficit	Total Members' Equity
Balances at	P. 2.125.000	ድ (100 000)	ф /701 605)	# 1 252 215
December 31, 2004	\$ 2,135,000	\$ (100,000)	\$ (781,685)	\$ 1,253,315
Net income	<u>-</u>		128,087	128,087
Balances at				
December 31, 2005	2,135,000	(100,000)	(653,598)	1,381,402
Net income			92,203	92,203
Member Withdrawals Balances at		(846,500)	•	(846,500)
December 31, 2006	\$ 2,135,000	\$ (946,500)	\$ (561,395)	\$ 627,105

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

·	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 92,203	\$ 128,087
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net		
Cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	35,477	40,653
(Increase) Decrease in operating assets:		
Commissions receivable	58,958	45,705
Accounts receivable	16,129	44,445
Prepaid expenses	6,122	23,306
Other assets	-	2,289
Increase (Decrease) in operating liabilities:		•
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(12,495)	6,139
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	196,394	290,624
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(22,571)	(4,888)
Cash distributions to members	(846,500)	•
Additional investment in affiliate	(103,000)	(1,000)
Net (purchases) sales of mutual funds	959,405	(460,505)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(12,666)	(466,393)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	183,728	(175,769)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	15,342	191,111
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 199,070	\$ 15,342
Supplemental cash flows disclosures:		
Income tax payments	\$ 6,800	\$ 6,800
Interest payments	\$ -	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 1 - Description of the Company:

The Company has operated as a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). Application for broker-dealer status was granted by the SEC on September 5, 2002, and by the NASD on February 11, 2003. During 2006 the Company ceased operations as a broker-dealer and effective January 1, 2007 is no longer a member of NASD. Services provided by the Company include investment advisory services and administrative services to affiliates of the Company. The Company is a Delaware Limited Liability Company, formed on April 24, 2002.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Receivables: Receivables represent amounts due for income earned from trading activity, investment advisory fees, and commissions. Receivables are valued at the amount the Company expects to collect less an amount that is estimated to be uncollectible. Receivables are determined uncollectible and written off after all collection efforts have been made. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary. Receivable past due 90 days and still accruing were \$ 10,868 and \$12,382 at December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Amortization: Organization costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period of 60 months.

Depreciation: Depreciation is provided on an accelerated basis using estimated useful lives of three to seven years.

Securities Transactions: Customer securities transactions with related income and expenses are reported on a trade-date basis. Marketable mutual funds are valued at market value.

Investment Advisory Income: Investment advisory fees are recognized in the fiscal period that they are earned.

Statement of Cash Flows: The Company presents its statement of cash flows using the indirect method. The Company has defined highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business as cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Income Taxes: The Company is a limited liability company that is treated for income taxes purposes as a partnership. As such, the Company does not pay federal corporate income taxes but is subject to a state limited liability company fee and annual tax. The Company's income or loss is taxed to the members in their respective returns.

Note 3 - Pension Plan-Defined Contribution (Profit-sharing Plan):

The Company has a defined contribution-profit sharing 401(k) plan effective June 21, 2002. This plan is available to all eligible employees after they have completed one-half (1/2) years of service. The employer may make discretionary contributions to the plan from time to time. The Company made no contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005.

Note 4 - Investment in Affiliates:

Investment in affiliates consist of an initial private placement offering that is managed by the Company and an investment partnership for which the Company provides administrative services. As of December 31, 2006, the Company had invested \$7,500 in the private placement and \$100,000 in the investment partnership and owns less than 20% of each of the affiliates.

Note 5 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

The Company has obligations under operating leases with initial non-cancelable terms in excess of one year. Aggregate annual rentals for office space and equipment at December 31, 2006 are as follows:

2007	53,200
2008	55,272
2009	57,344
2010	5,544
2011	1,386
	<u>\$172,746</u>

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 6 – State Income Taxes:

The current provision for state income taxes is based on gross receipts and earnings reported for income tax purposes for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. A deferred income tax asset or liability is determined by applying currently enacted tax laws and rates to the expected reversal of the cumulative temporary differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes.

Deferred income tax expense or benefit is measured by the change in the deferred income tax asset or liability during the year. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, there were no deferred tax assets or liabilities.

Provision for income tax for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 consists of the following:

	2006	2005
State income tax and LLC fee	\$6,800	\$ \$7,800

Note 7 – Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company had net capital of \$204,027 and \$959,313, respectively, which was \$104,027 and \$859,313, respectively, in excess of its required minimum net capital of \$100,000. The aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio at December 31, 2006 and 2005 was .195 to 1 and .055 to 1, respectively.

Note 8 - Property and Equipment:

Property and equipment, at cost, consists of the following:

		2006	2005
Furniture & fixtures	\$	31,763	\$ 31,763
Computer equipment		49,895	27,324
Computer software		48,663	48,663
Website		25,485	25,485
	•	155,806	133,235
Less accumulated depreciation		(124,907)	(114,766)
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	\$	30,899	\$ 18,469
^			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2006 and 2005

Note 9 – Reimbursement of Shared Resources:

During 2006 and 2005 the Company entered into shared resource agreements with certain investment companies affiliated with the Company and with members and officers of the Company. Under the terms of these agreements, the Company received reimbursements for labor, rent and other office related expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company received the following amounts under shared resource agreements:

			Office and Admin.					
		Labor		Rent		Expenses		Total
Florentine Partners, LLC	\$_	154,411	\$	5,550	\$	28,539	\$	188,500
Orion Partners, LLC		158,368		8,985		2,978		170,331
Verona Partners, LLC		75,559		1,124		6,304		82,987
Persolve, LLC		453,927		14,063		112,117		580,107
	\$_	842,265	\$_	29,722	\$	149,938	\$	1,021,925

Supplementary Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of December 31, 2006

Schedule I – Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2006

Net Capital:		
Total members' equity Deduct members' equity not allowable for net capital	\$	627,105
	_	627.105
Total members' equity qualified for net capital Add allowable subordinated liabilities		627,105
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities Deduct non-allowable assets	_	627,105 (423,078)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		204,027
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(f)) Market funds of \$0 x 2% Stock funds of \$ 0 x 15% Net haircuts		- - -
Net capital	\$_	204,027
A garageta Indahtada aga		
Aggregate Indebtedness: Items included in statement of financial condition Add items not included in statement of financial condition	\$	39,838
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$_	39,838
Computation of basic net capital requirement: Minimum net capital required of reporting broker-dealer	\$	100,000
Excess net capital requirement	\$	104,027
Excess net capital at 1,500 percent	\$_	170,165
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	-444	0.195 to 1
Reconciliation with Company's computation: Net capital, as reported in Company's Part IIA (unaudited)		
Focus Report Net audit adjustments	\$ _	204,027
Net capital per above	\$	204,027

Schedule II – Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2006

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

Schedule III – Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2006

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the possession and control provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

ARMSTRONG, BONN & FEENEY, LLP



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption From SEC Rule 15c3-3

To the Board of Managers Golden Gate Financial Group, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Golden Gate Financial Group, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2006, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

As required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons;
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13;
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or

disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Managers, management, the SEC, the NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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February 23, 2007

